

Free surface flows with ALE in *Code_Saturne*

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Overview

- 1 Boundary conditions for free surface
- 2 ALE definition
 - Method to compute the mesh velocity
 - New *Code_Saturne* ALE algorithm
- 3 Solitary wave.
 - Test case definition
 - Results
- 4 Regular wave.
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 - Corrections
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Free surface boundary condition

Kinematic Boundary condition

$$\dot{m}_{FS} = 0$$

Dynamic Boundary condition

$$\mathbf{n} \cdot \boldsymbol{\Gamma} \cdot \mathbf{n}^T = \frac{1}{We} \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right)$$

$$\mathbf{t}_1 \cdot \boldsymbol{\Gamma} \cdot \mathbf{n}^T = 0$$

$$\mathbf{t}_2 \cdot \boldsymbol{\Gamma} \cdot \mathbf{n}^T = 0$$

$$\text{with } \boldsymbol{\Gamma} = -P\mathbf{I} + \frac{1}{Re} \left(\nabla \mathbf{u} + (\nabla \mathbf{u})^T \right)$$

Expansion of the tangential stress condition

Example on t_1

$$\begin{bmatrix} t_1 \left(-P + \frac{2}{Re} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) + t_2 \frac{1}{Re} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \right) + t_3 \frac{1}{Re} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) \\ t_1 \frac{1}{Re} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \right) + t_2 \left(-P + \frac{2}{Re} \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right) + t_3 \frac{1}{Re} \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right) \\ t_1 \frac{1}{Re} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) + t_2 \frac{1}{Re} \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right) + t_3 \left(-P + \frac{2}{Re} \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \right) \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} n_1 \\ n_2 \\ n_3 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} & t_1 n_1 \left(-P + \frac{2}{Re} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) + t_2 n_2 \frac{1}{Re} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \right) + t_3 n_1 \frac{1}{Re} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) + \\ & t_1 n_2 \frac{1}{Re} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \right) + t_2 n_2 \left(-P + \frac{2}{Re} \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right) + t_3 n_2 \frac{1}{Re} \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right) + \\ & t_1 n_3 \frac{1}{Re} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) + t_2 n_3 \frac{1}{Re} \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right) + t_3 n_3 \left(-P + \frac{2}{Re} \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \right) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

Special case (1)

Bi-dimensional case in $x - z$ plane

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{bmatrix} -\eta_x/\mathcal{N} \\ 1/\mathcal{N} \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{t}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\mathcal{N} \\ \eta_x/\mathcal{N} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{with } \mathcal{N} = \sqrt{1 + \eta_x^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{Re} \frac{1}{\mathcal{N}} \left[-2\eta_x \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \right) + (1 - \eta_x^2) \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) \right] = 0$$

$$p = \frac{\eta}{Fr^2} + \frac{1}{Re} \frac{2}{\mathcal{N}} \left[\eta_x^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} - \eta_x \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) \right] + \frac{\eta_{xx}}{\mathcal{N}^3} \frac{\sigma}{We}$$

N.B.: This BC is applied at the actual free surface (i.e. $z = h + \eta$)

Special case (2)

Orthogonal mesh with $g_z \neq 0$ and flow in x

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{t}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{Re} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{Re} \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right) = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial n} = 0 \text{ with } \nu \rightarrow 0$$

$$p = \frac{\eta}{Fr^2} + \frac{2}{Re} \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \Rightarrow p = \frac{\eta}{Fr^2} \text{ with } \nu \rightarrow 0$$

N.B.: This BC is applied at the undisturbed free surface (i.e. $z = h \Rightarrow$ linearisation)

Rigid lid approximation

$$\frac{\partial u_1}{\partial x_2} = \frac{\partial u_3}{\partial x_2} = \frac{\partial p}{\partial x_2} = u_2 = 0$$

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Method to compute the mesh velocity \underline{w}

Solve a Poisson equation

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \underline{\text{div}} (\underline{\lambda} \text{grad } \underline{w}) = 0 \\ \underline{w}|_{\Gamma(t)} = \text{imposed velocity} \\ \frac{\partial (\underline{w} - \underline{w} \cdot \underline{n} \underline{n})}{\partial n} \Big|_{\partial\Omega \setminus \Gamma(t)} = \underline{0} \\ \underline{w} \cdot \underline{n} \Big|_{\partial\Omega \setminus \Gamma(t)} = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

ALE algorithm

for n to $n + 1$ **do**

Set \underline{w} -Boundary Conditions on $\Gamma(t^{n+1})$

Compute \underline{w}_I^{n+1} by solving the Poisson equation

Reconstruct mesh velocity at **nodes** \underline{w}_N^{n+1}

Update the mesh from Ω^n to Ω^{n+1} with \underline{w}_N^{n+1}

end for

Method to compute the mesh velocity \underline{w}

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end for

New ALE algorithm in *Code_Saturne*

Algorithm 1 Implementation of the ALE module with free surface in *Code_Saturne* V_3.0

for n to $n + 1$ **do**

 Compute total mass flux
 $\rho(\underline{u} - \underline{w})_f^n \cdot \underline{S}^n$

 Compute the predicted velocity $\tilde{\underline{u}}_j^{n+1}$
 on Ω^n

 Compute the pressure corrected velocity \underline{u}_j^{n+1} on Ω^n

 Compute mass flux $\underline{u}_f^{n+1} \cdot \underline{S}^n$

 Compute \underline{w}_j^{n+1} with free-surface BCs $\underline{u}_f^{n+1} \cdot \underline{S}^n$

 Reconstruction mesh velocities at nodes \underline{w}_N^{n+1}

 Update the mesh from Ω^n to Ω^{n+1}

end for

Algorithm 2 Implementation of the ALE module with free surface in *Code_Saturne* V_3.1

for n to $n + 1$ **do**

 Solve the NS and in the Algorithm 1

 Reset mesh to initial time 0

 Evaluate ALE BC in order to move the mesh from 0 \rightarrow $n + 1$

 Solve the ALE on mesh at time 0 with BC at $n + 1$

 Reconstruction mesh velocities at nodes \underline{w}_N^{n+1}

 Update the mesh from 0 to Ω^{n+1}

end for

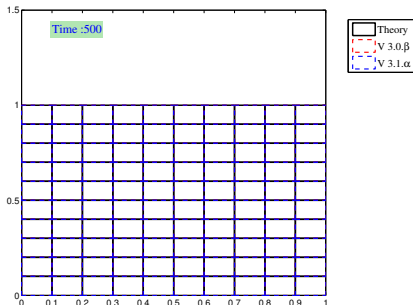
Verification with imposed mesh movement (linear piston)

$$(a) \eta_{FS} = a \cdot \sin(\omega t)$$

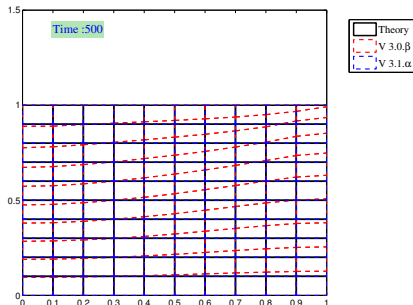
$$(b) \eta_{FS} = a \left(\frac{x - x_{min}}{x_{max}} + 1 \right) \sin(\omega t)$$

Figure: Free surface movement externally imposed

Verification with imposed mesh movement (linear piston)



(a) $\eta_{FS} = a \cdot \sin(\omega t)$



(b) $\eta_{FS} = a \left(\frac{x - x_{min}}{x_{max}} + 1 \right) \sin(\omega t)$

Figure: Free surface movement externally imposed

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Definition

Inlet definition

$$\eta = \frac{A}{\cosh^2(kx - \omega t)} \quad c = \frac{\omega}{k} \quad d = 1 \text{ m}$$

$$u = \frac{c\eta}{d + \eta} \quad \omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} \quad A = 0.2 \text{ m}$$

$$w = \frac{2kdu \tanh(kx - \omega t)}{d + \eta} z \quad k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \quad g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$$

Convective outlet

$$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} + U \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial n} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{\phi_F^{n+1} - \phi_F^n}{\Delta t} + U \frac{\phi_F^{n+1} - \phi_I^{n+1}}{\|IF\|} = 0$$

$$\phi_F^{n+1} = \frac{1}{1 + CFL} \phi_F^n + \frac{CFL}{1 + CFL} \phi_I^{n+1} \quad \text{with } CFL = \frac{U \Delta t}{\|IF\|}$$

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Convective outlet

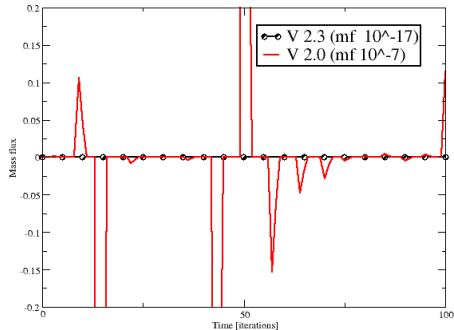
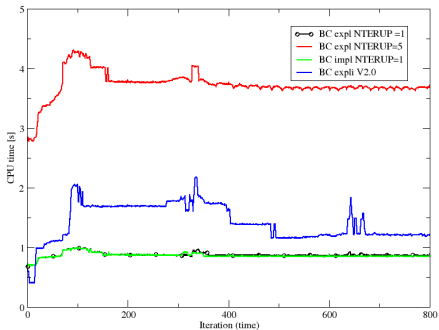
$$\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial t} + U \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial n} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{\Phi_F^{n+1} - \Phi_F^n}{\Delta t} + U \frac{\Phi_F^{n+1} - \Phi_I^{n+1}}{\|IF\|} = 0$$

$$\Phi_F^{n+1} = \frac{1}{1 + CFL} \Phi_F^n + \frac{CFL}{1 + CFL} \Phi_I^{n+1} \quad \text{with } CFL = \frac{U \Delta t}{\|IF\|}$$

Code_Saturne V.2.3 vs V.2.0

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Code_Saturne V.2.3 vs V.2.0



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Test case definition

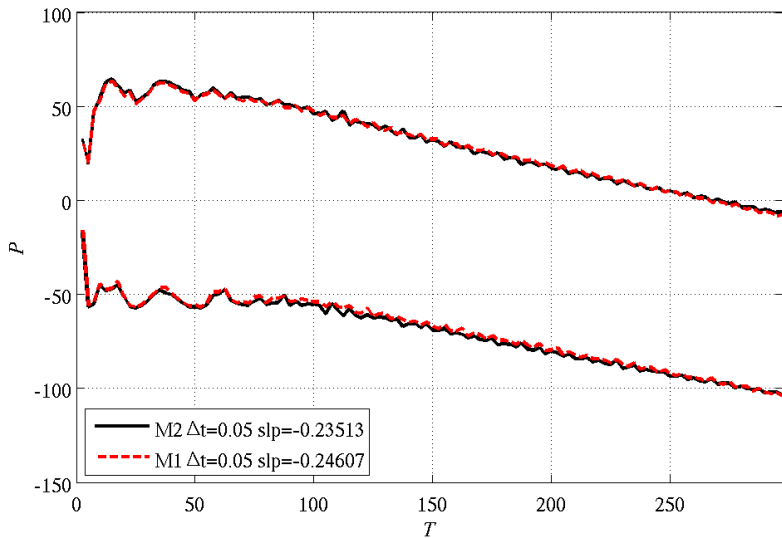
Inlet definition

$$u = A \frac{gk}{\omega} \cos(kx - \omega t) \frac{\cosh(kz)}{\sinh(kd)}$$
$$w = A \frac{gk}{\omega} \sin(kx - \omega t) \frac{\sinh(kz)}{\sinh(kd)}$$
$$\omega^2 = gk \tanh(kd)$$

	Dimensions $x \times z$	Mesh resolution
M1	$10\pi \times 1$	500×20
M2	$10\pi \times 1$	1000×40
M3	$50\pi \times 1$	2500×20
M4	660×45	Several

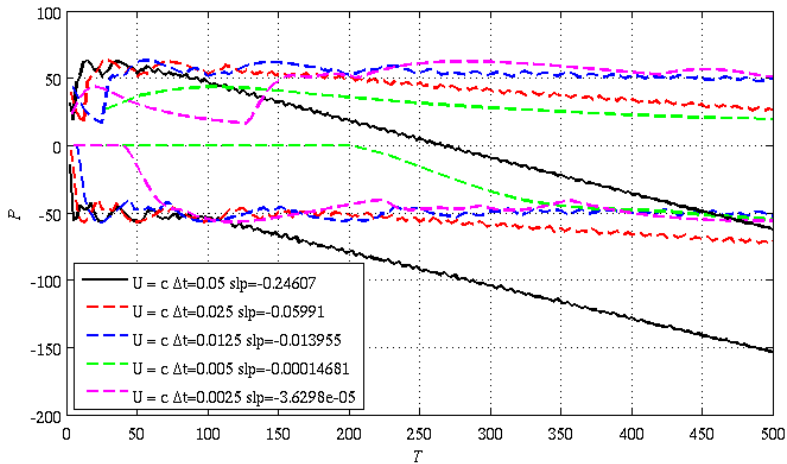
M1 vs. M2: free surface elevation

M1 vs. M2: pressure history



Time step variation: free surface elevation

Time step variation: pressure history



Corrections definitions

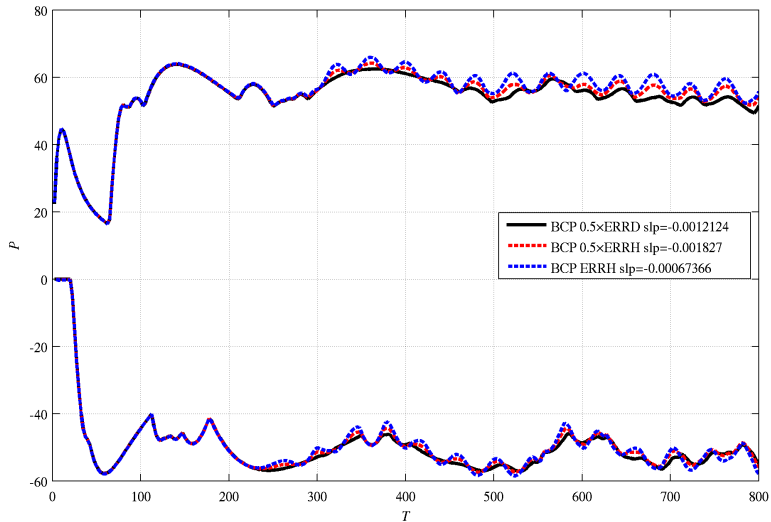
	Inlet	Outlet		Def	Ref /
BCP	$p = p - \frac{c\Delta t}{L_x} \rho g \Delta$	$p = p + \frac{c\Delta t}{L_x} \rho g \Delta$	ΔH	$h_{th}(t) - h(t)$	k
QDM	$\frac{dp}{dx} = -\rho g \frac{\Delta}{l}$		ΔD	$d - d_{avg}$	d

Running average definition

$$\langle d \rangle^n = \frac{\Delta t}{aT} h^n + \left(1 - \frac{\Delta t}{aT}\right) \langle d \rangle^{n-1}$$

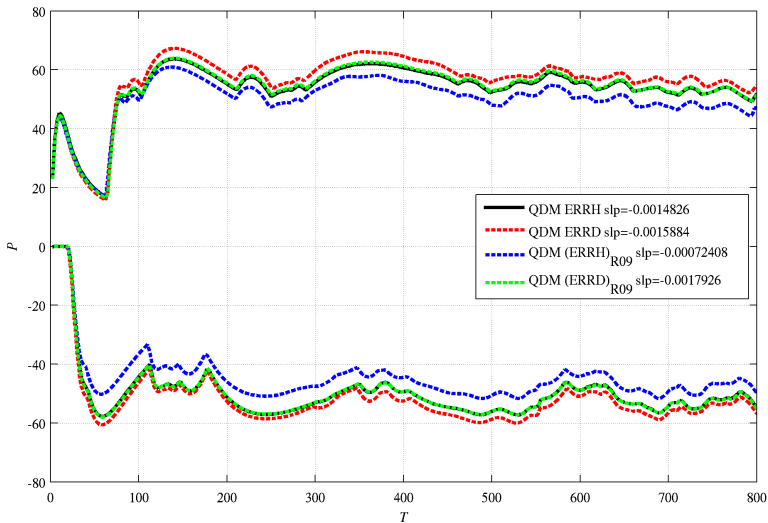
BCP correction: free surface

BCP: pressure history



QDM correction: free surface

QDM: pressure history



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Conclusions & Future work

A V&V procedure of the ALE using free surface flows has been conducted

Findings

- Verification of the ALE using inviscid wave propagation (solitary and regular waves)
- Introduction in *Code_Saturne* of a convective outlet
 - Problem of mass conservation with very long time simulations
- Viscous calculation of open channel at several Reynolds number

Future work

- Extension of the FS BC with the inclusion of viscous terms
- Extension of the open channel to responding free-surface

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